

Lake Okeechobee Operations Interactive Simulation Exercise

Are you smarter than a water manager?

Calvin J. Neidrauer, P.E., Chief Engineer
Water Control Operations
South Florida Water Management District



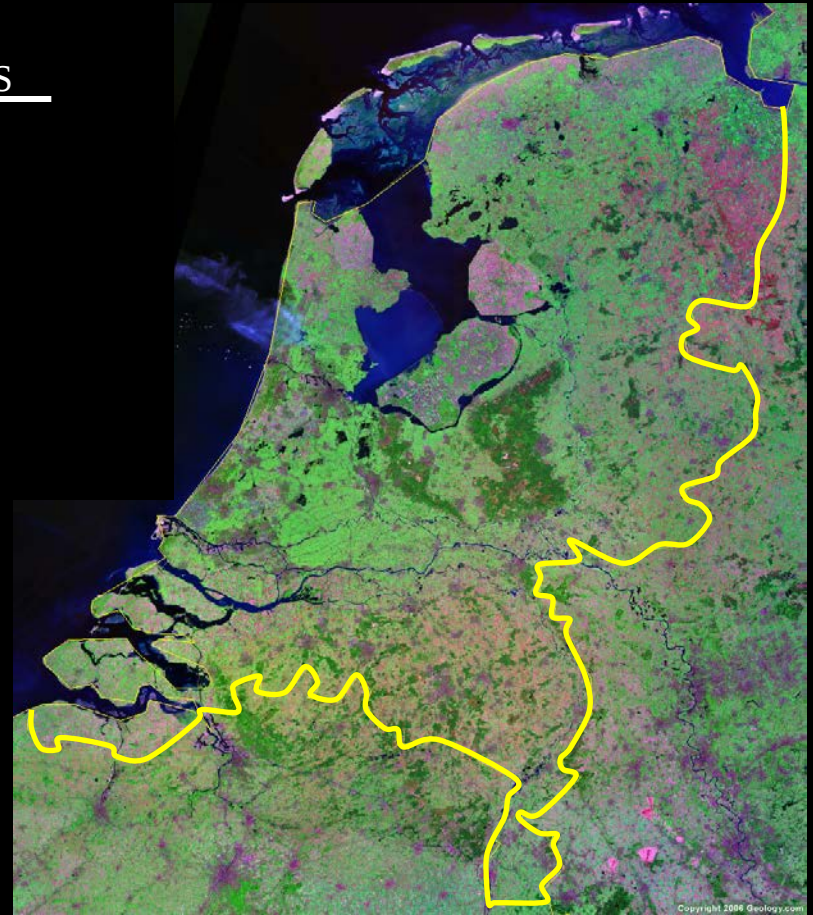
Photo: looking southwest at C-59, S-191 and Lake Okeechobee; July 2010

Comparison of South Florida with the Netherlands

50 MILES

50 KM

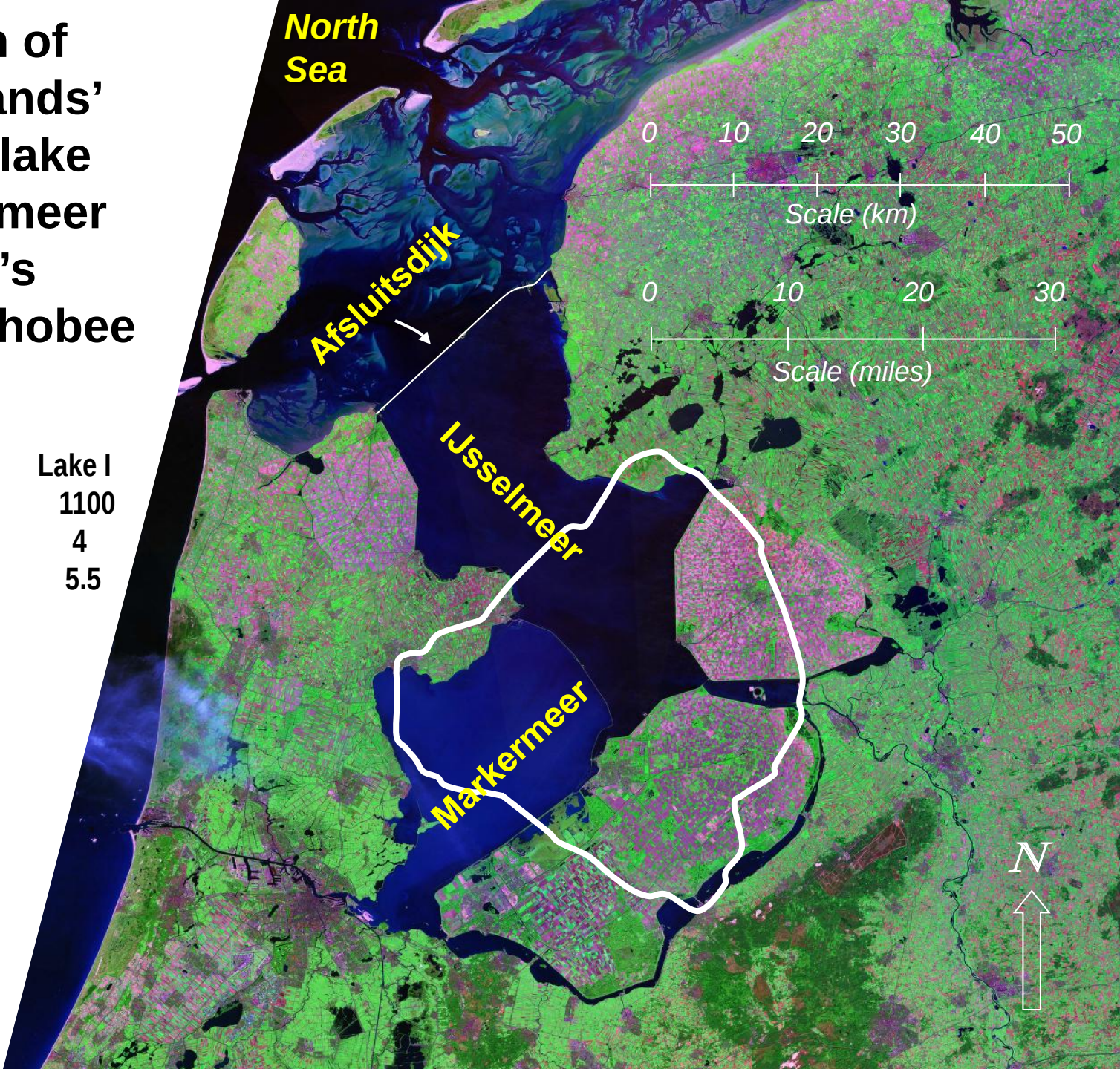
~ 18,000 square miles
(~ 49,000 square km)



~ 16,000 square miles
(~ 41,500 square km)

Comparison of the Netherlands' fresh water lake of the IJsselmeer with Florida's Lake Okeechobee

	Lake O	Lake I
Area(km)	1890	1100
Mean Depth (m)	2.4	4
Max Depth (m)	8-9	5.5



North
Sea

Afsluitsdijk

IJsselmeer

Markermeer

0 10 20 30 40 50

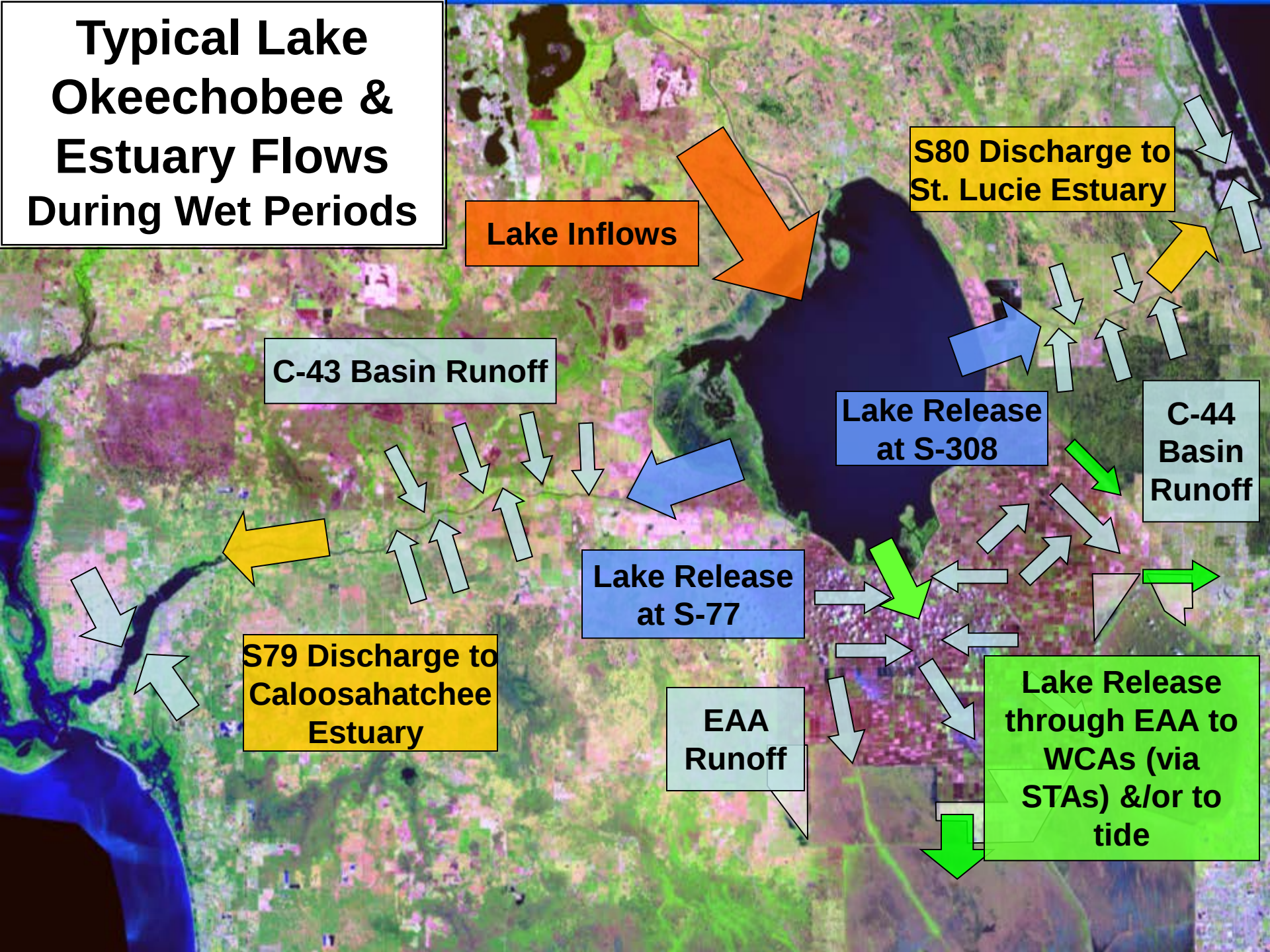
Scale (km)

0 10 20 30

Scale (miles)

N

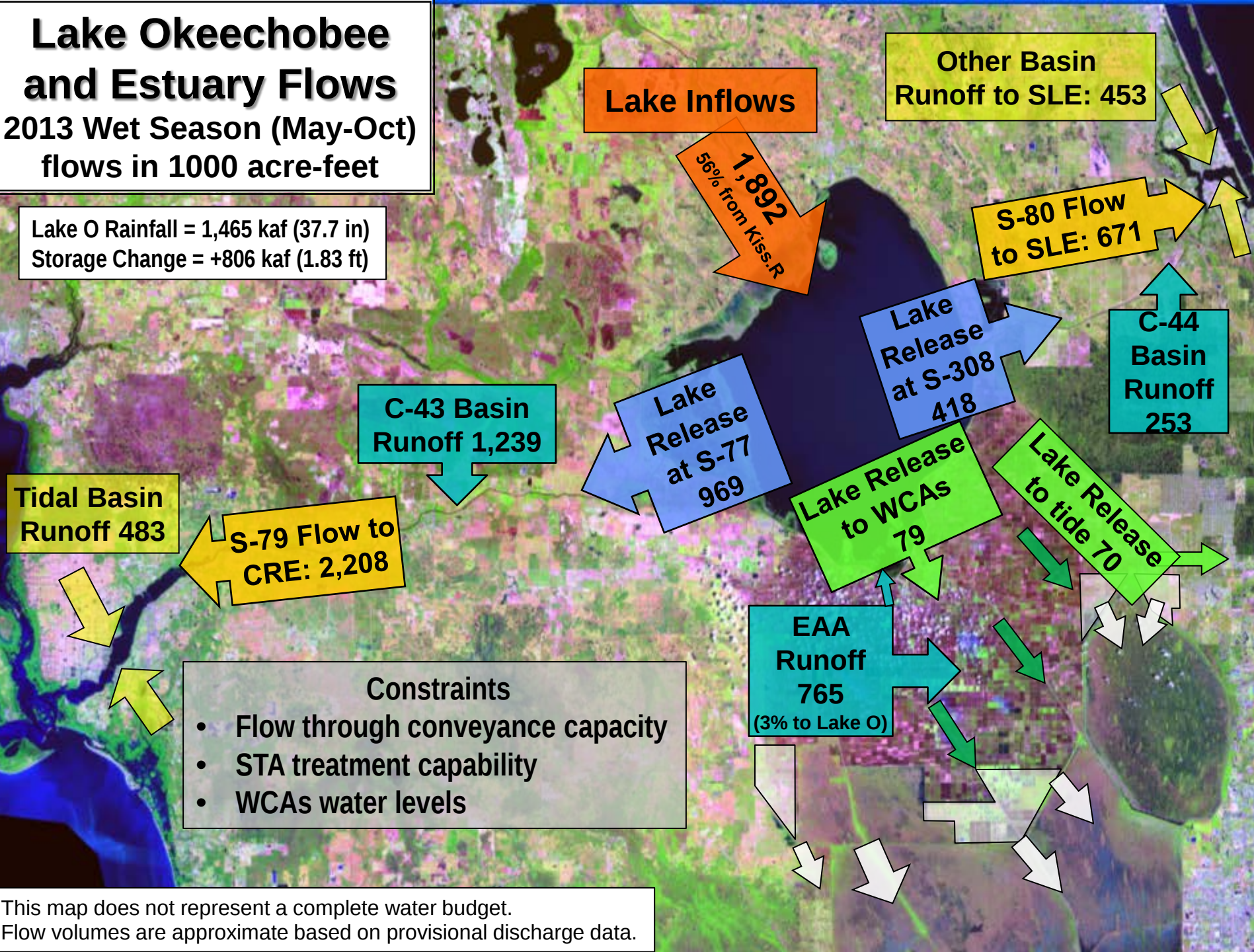
Typical Lake Okeechobee & Estuary Flows During Wet Periods



Lake Okeechobee and Estuary Flows

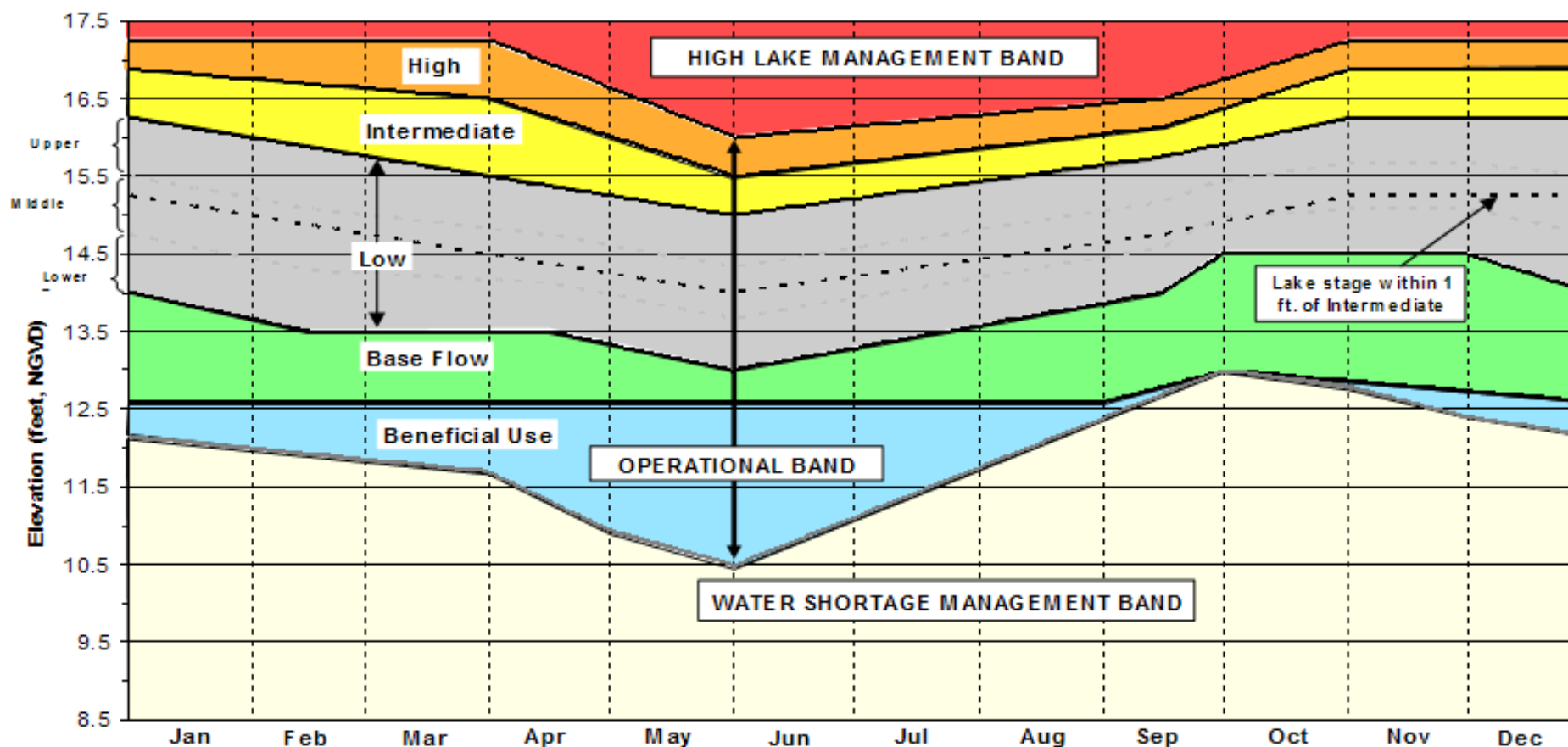
2013 Wet Season (May-Oct)
flows in 1000 acre-feet

Lake O Rainfall = 1,465 kaf (37.7 in)
Storage Change = +806 kaf (1.83 ft)



This map does not represent a complete water budget.
Flow volumes are approximate based on provisional discharge data.

2008 Lake Okeechobee Interim Regulation Schedule (aka LORS-2008)



NOTES:

High Lake Management Band: Outlet canals may be maintained above their optimum water management elevations.

Operational Band: Outlet canals should be maintained within their optimum water management elevations.

Water Shortage Management Band: Outlet canals may be maintained below optimum water management elevations.

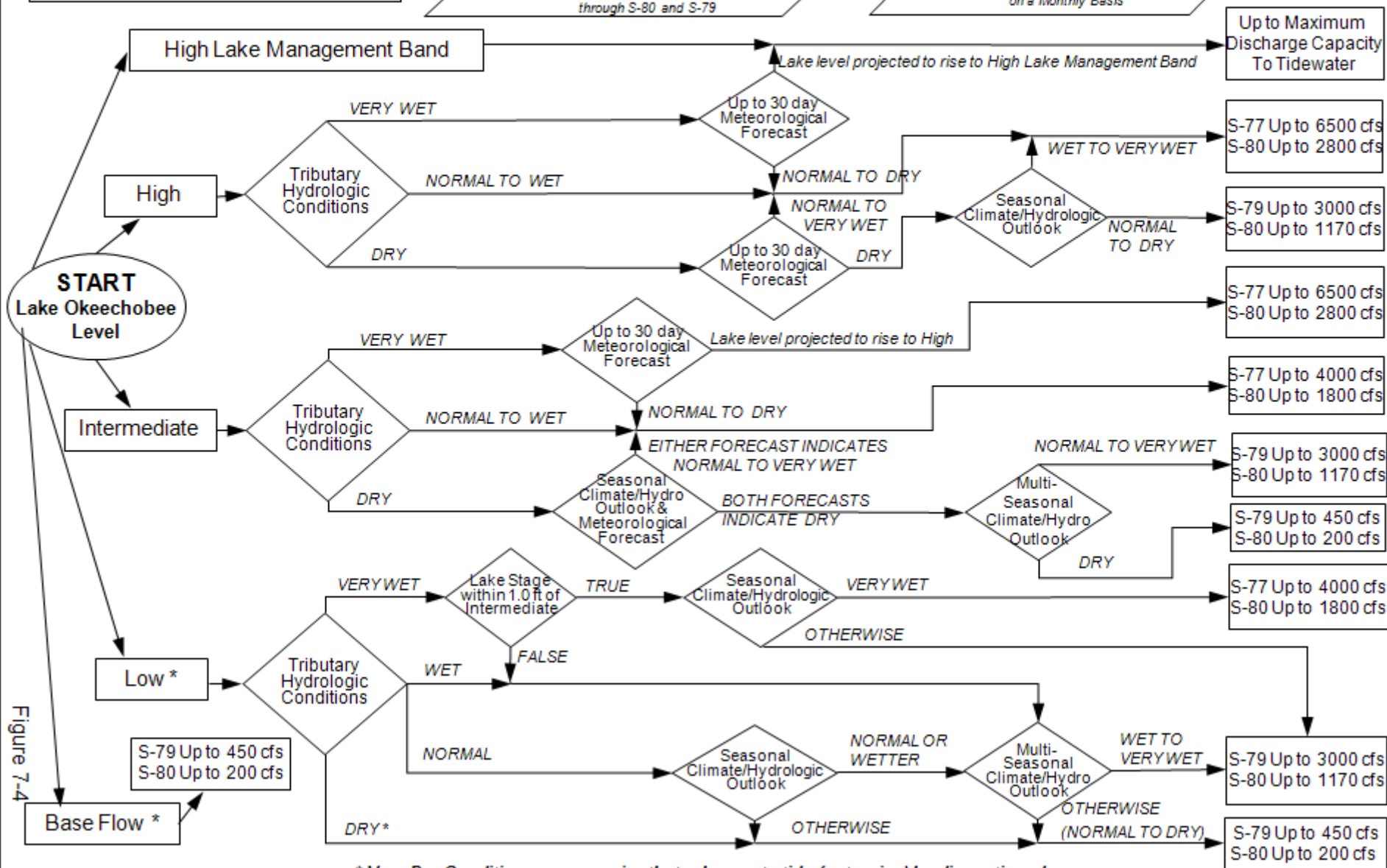
CENTRAL AND SOUTHERN FLORIDA PROJECT

2008 LAKE OKEECHOBEE
INTERIM REGULATION SCHEDULE
PART B

DATED: March 2008
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, JACKSONVILLE DISTRICT
CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Part D: Establish Allowable Lake Okeechobee Releases to Tide (Estuaries)

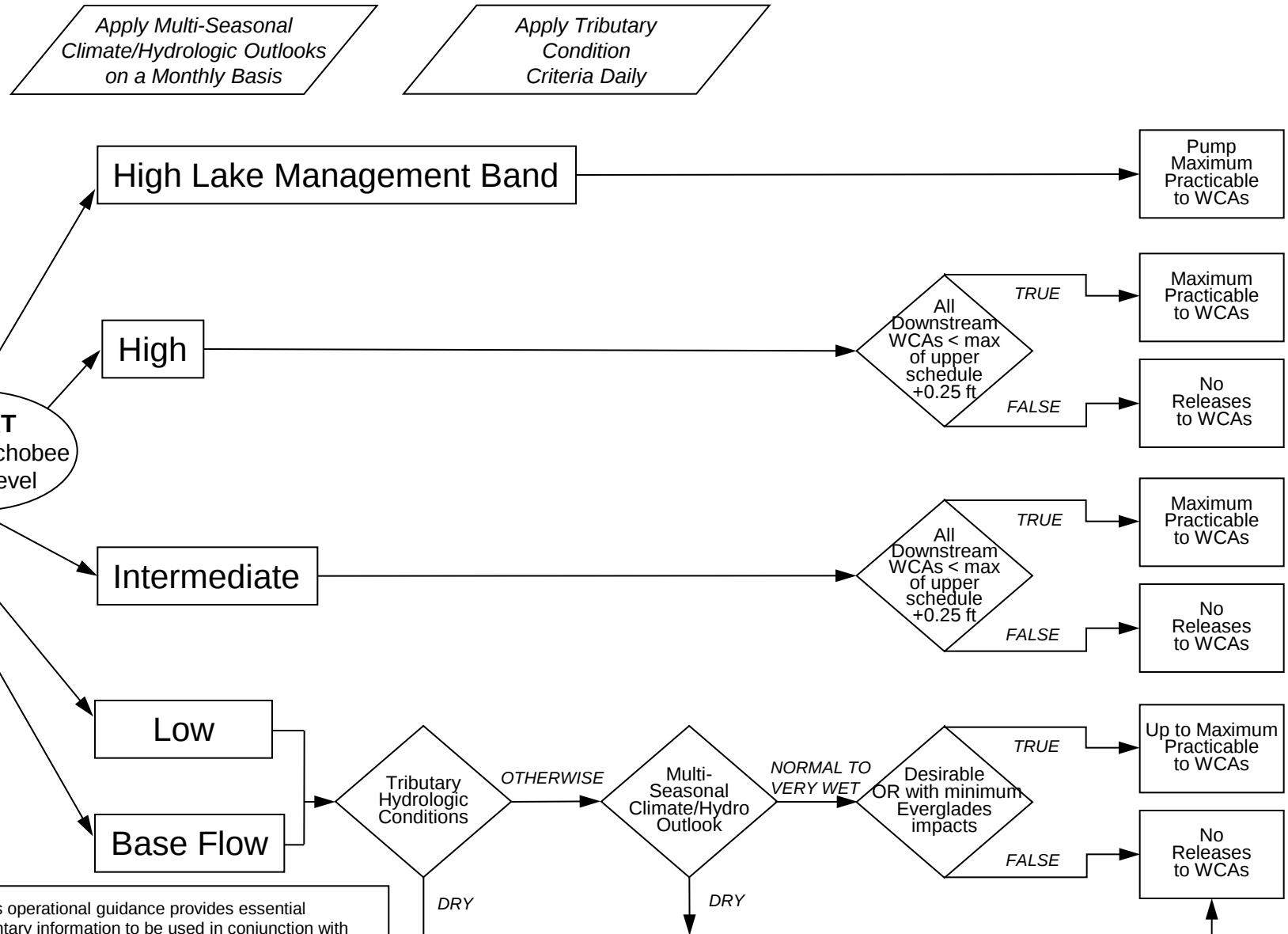
Apply Meteorological Forecasts on a Weekly Basis; apply Seasonal and Multi-Seasonal Climate/Hydrologic Outlooks on a Monthly Basis



** Very Dry Conditions may require that releases to tide (estuaries) be discontinued*

2008 LORS

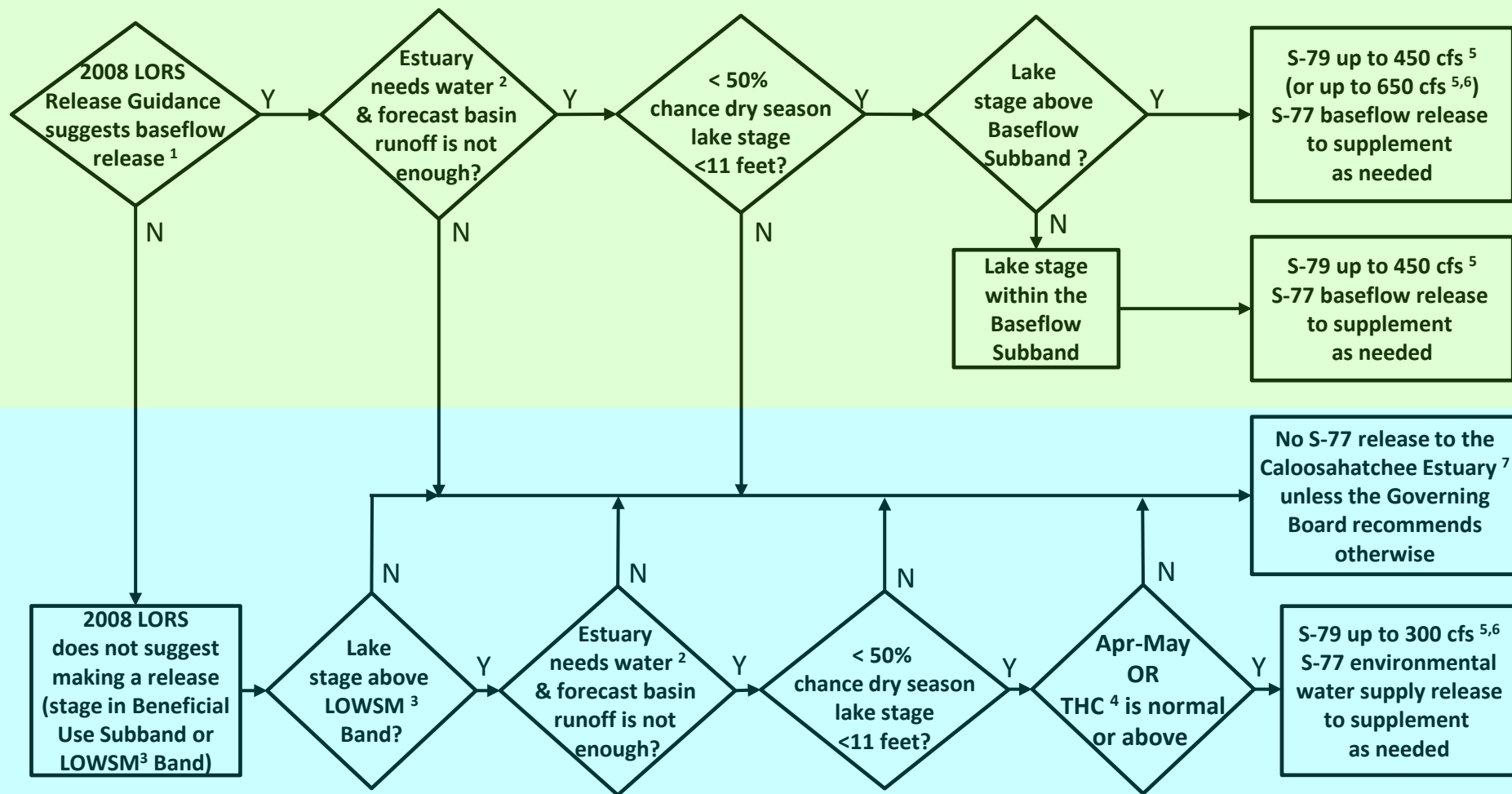
Part C: Establish Allowable Lake Okeechobee Releases to the Water Conservation Areas



Note: This operational guidance provides essential supplementary information to be used in conjunction with other supporting documentation including text within the Water Control Plan.

Figure 7-3

Flowchart to Guide Recommendations for Lake Okeechobee Releases to the Caloosahatchee Estuary for 2008 LORS Baseflow & for Environmental Water Supply (revised 9-Aug-2012)



¹The 2008 LORS Release Guidance (Part D) can suggest baseflow releases in the Intermediate, Low, or Baseflow Subbands.

²Estuary “needs” water when the 30-day moving average salinity at I-75 bridge is projected to exceed 5 practical salinity units (psu) within 2 weeks.

³LOWSM = Lake Okeechobee Water Shortage Management.

⁴Tributary Hydrologic Condition (THC) is based on classification of Lake Okeechobee Net Inflow and Palmer Index.

⁵Can release less than the “up to” limit if lower release is sufficient to reach or sustain desired estuary salinity; cfs = cubic feet per second.

⁶After reviewing conditions in Water Conservation Areas (WCAs), Stormwater Treatment Areas (STAs), ENP, St. Lucie Estuary and Lake Okeechobee.

⁷Should this condition be reached, the Governing Board will be briefed at their next regularly scheduled meeting as part of the State of the Water Resources agenda item.

Reality vs Simulated Reality

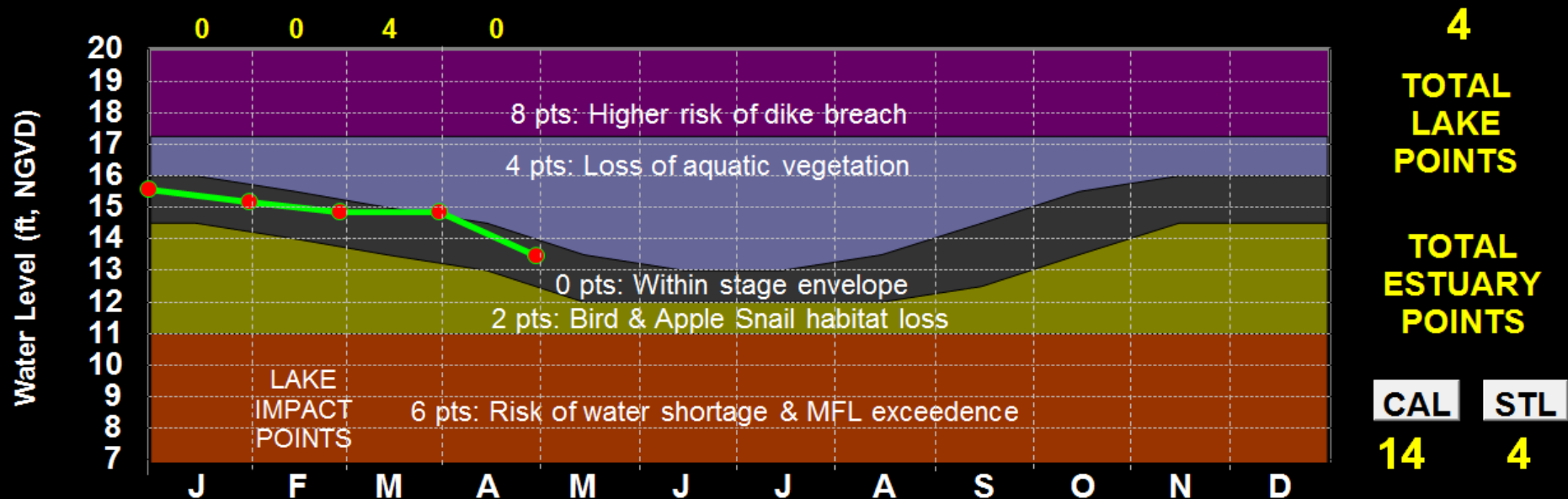
- Reality – the USACE makes the release decisions to manage (regulate) Lake O water levels
 - Weekly decisions based on:
 - federal regulation schedule
 - SFWMD and other agency input
- Simulated Reality – You make the decision
 - One year simulation, monthly decisions
 - Goal: minimize penalty points, which are assessed:
 - for Lake stages that are too high or too low
 - for Estuary discharges that are outside preferred ranges



Lake Okeechobee Interactive Simulator

Calvin Neidrauer, P.E., SFWMD

Lake Okeechobee Water Level & Release Simulator



CONDITIONS ON: 1-May

LAKE LEVEL (ft, NGVD)	13.44
TRIBUTARY HYDROLOGIC CONDITION	Normal
WCA CAPACITY AVAILABLE?	YES
STA TREATMENT CAPACITY AVAILABLE?	YES

FORECASTS & OUTLOOKS

MIDDLE 50% WATER LEVEL PROJECTION	13.58
	13.24
SEASONAL NET INFLOW OUTLOOK	V.Wet
MULTI-SEASONAL NET INFLOW	V.Wet
HURRICANE FORECAST	NS
	H 15
	MH 8
	4

RELEASE DECISIONS

EVERGLADES WCAs

NO RELEASE

ST.LUCIE via S-80

HIGH RELEASE (2800cfs, ~0.36'/mo)

CALOOS. via S-77

HIGH RELEASE (6500cfs, ~0.83'/mo)

TAKE ACTION

OUTCOME

START STAGE: 14.86
NET INFLOW (FT): -0.24
RELEASE (FT): 1.17
END STAGE: 13.44

IMPACT SUMMARY

LAKE LEVEL POINTS: 0
Within stage envelope
ST.LUCIE EST. PTS: 2
Seagrass damage in IRL
CALOOS. EST. PTS: 4
Freshwater plume enters Gulf
TOTAL FOR MONTH: 6
TOTAL FOR YEAR: 22

CASE 6

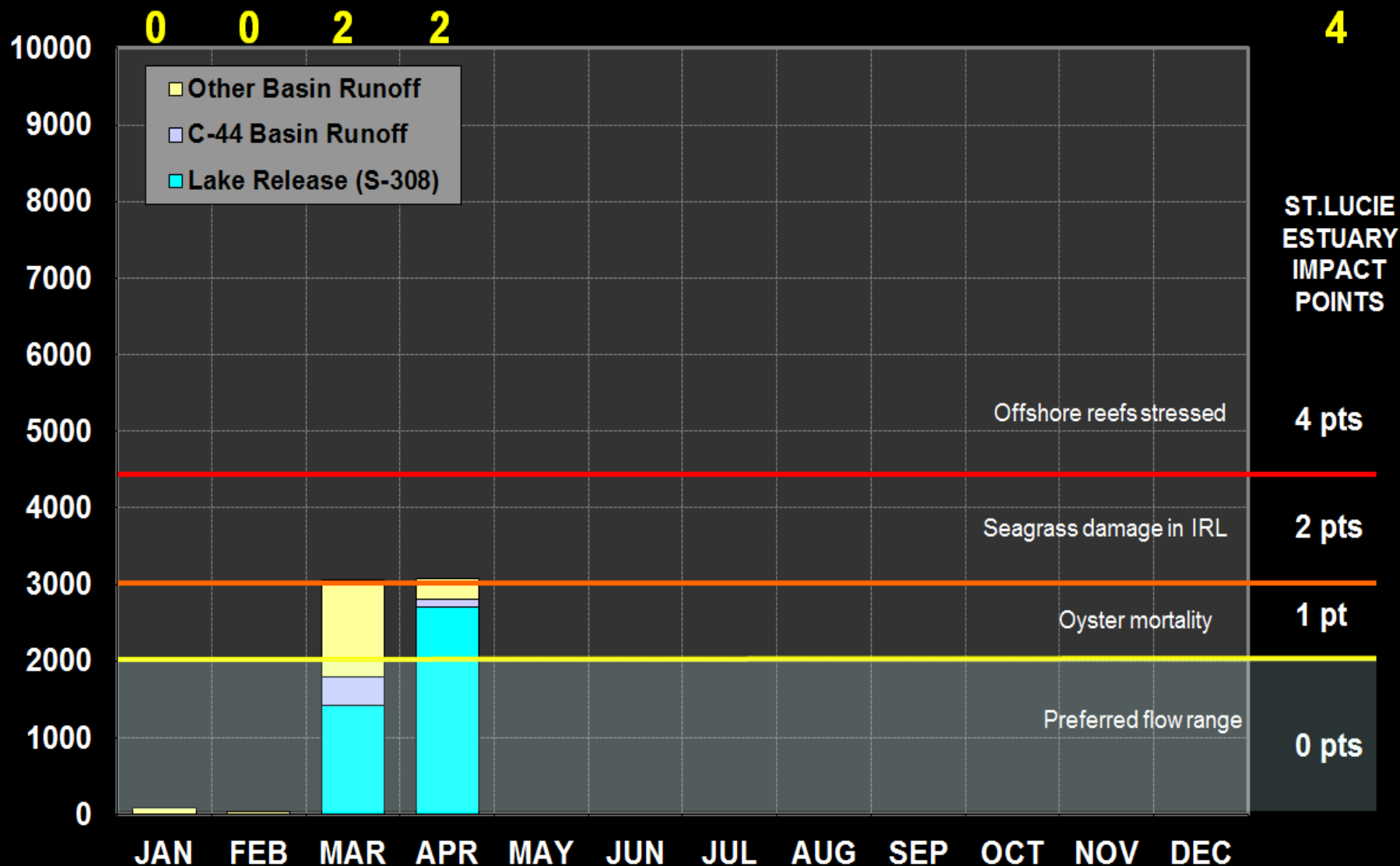
Show Historical

LOK

CAL

Discharge to St. Lucie Estuary

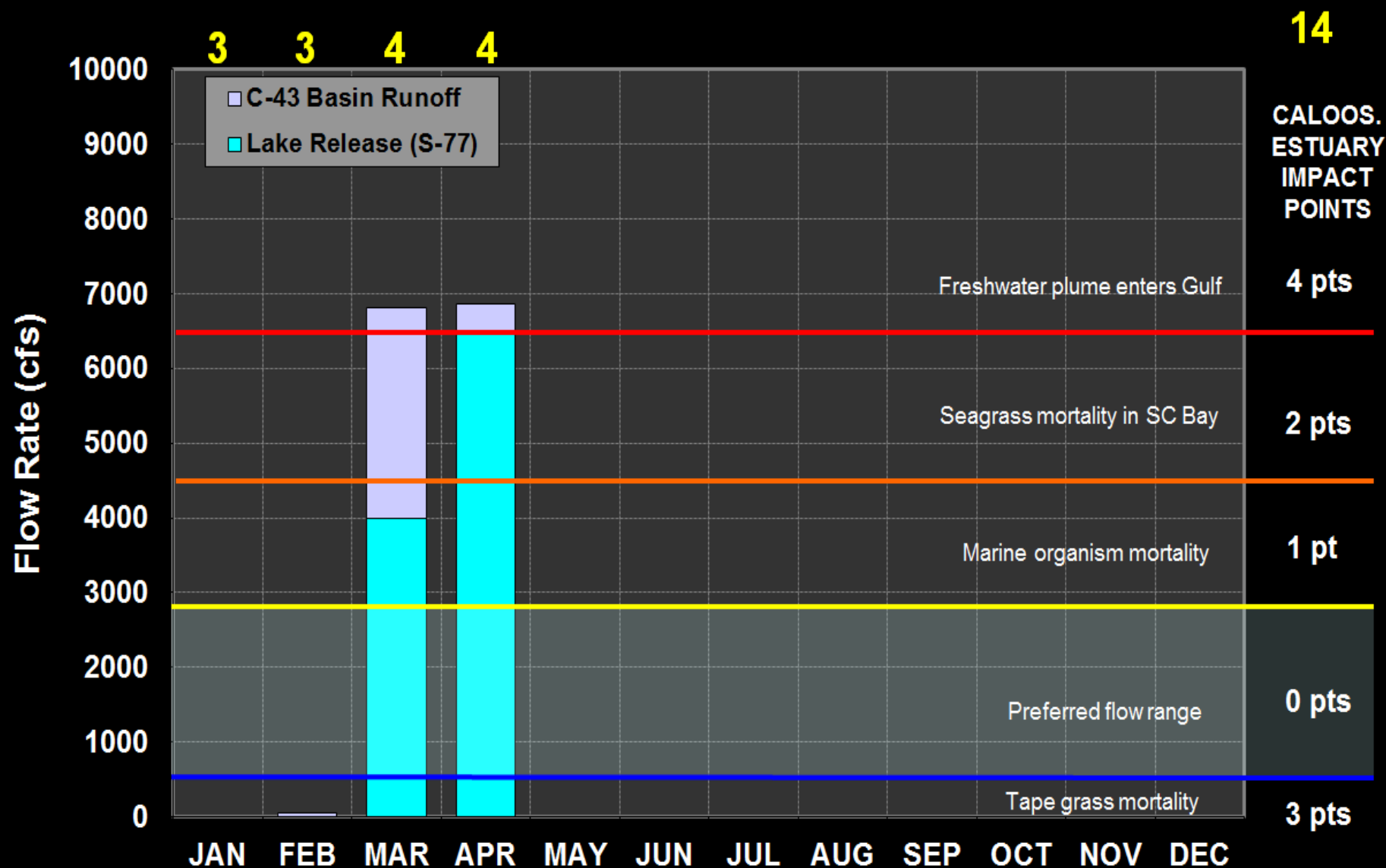
St. Lucie Lock & Dam (S-80) + Other Basin Runoff

**TOTAL STL
ESTUARY
POINTS**

LOK

STL

Discharge to Caloosahatchee Estuary at the Franklin Lock & Dam (S-79)

**TOTAL CAL
ESTUARY
POINTS**

Lake Okeechobee Discharge Options for the Interactive Simulation Exercise

CALOOSA HATCHEE VIA S-77

1. MAX RELEASE (7800cfs, ~0.99'/mo)
2. HIGH RELEASE (6500cfs, ~0.83'/mo)
3. MEDIUM RELEASE (4000cfs, ~0.51'/mo)
4. LEVEL 3 PULSE (3000cfs, ~0.38'/mo)
5. LEVEL 2 PULSE (2300cfs, ~0.29'/mo)
6. LEVEL 1 PULSE (1600cfs, ~0.20'/mo)
7. (450cfs, ~0.06'/mo)
8. (300cfs, ~0.04'/mo)
9. NO RELEASE

ST. LUCIE VIA S-80

1. MAX RELEASE (7200cfs, ~0.92'/mo)
2. HIGH RELEASE (2800cfs, ~0.36'/mo)
3. MEDIUM RELEASE (1800cfs, ~0.23'/mo)
4. LEVEL 3 PULSE (1170cfs, ~0.15'/mo)
5. LEVEL 2 PULSE (950cfs, ~0.12'/mo)
6. LEVEL 1 PULSE (730cfs, ~0.09'/mo)
7. NO RELEASE

EVERGLADES WCAs

1. MAX RELEASE (1500cfs, ~0.25'/mo)
2. HIGH RELEASE (1000cfs, ~0.13'/mo)
3. LOW RELEASE (500cfs, ~0.06'/mo)
4. NO RELEASE





Kissimmee
River

St. Lucie
Estuary

S-80

St. Lucie
Canal

S-308

C-10A

Lake
Okeechobee

S-352

S-77

S-351

S-354

Caloosahatchee River

S-79

Caloosahatchee
Estuary

EAA

Water Conservation
Areas (WCAs)

Lake Okeechobee Interactive Simulation Exercise

Scores from recent sessions (same simulation year)

	2008 Lake O Regulation Schedule	SFWMD Governing Board May-2010	Broward Co. WRTF & TAC Oct-2010	CISRERP A.M. GROUP May-2011	CISRERP P.M. GROUP May-2011	UF Water Institute Students Aug-2011
Caloosahatchee	15	19	11	7	11	7
St. Lucie	10	10	6	7	10	6
Lake Okeechobee	16	26	20	20	24	28
Total	41	55	37	34	45	41

Lake Okeechobee Interactive Simulation Exercise

Scores from recent sessions (same simulation year)

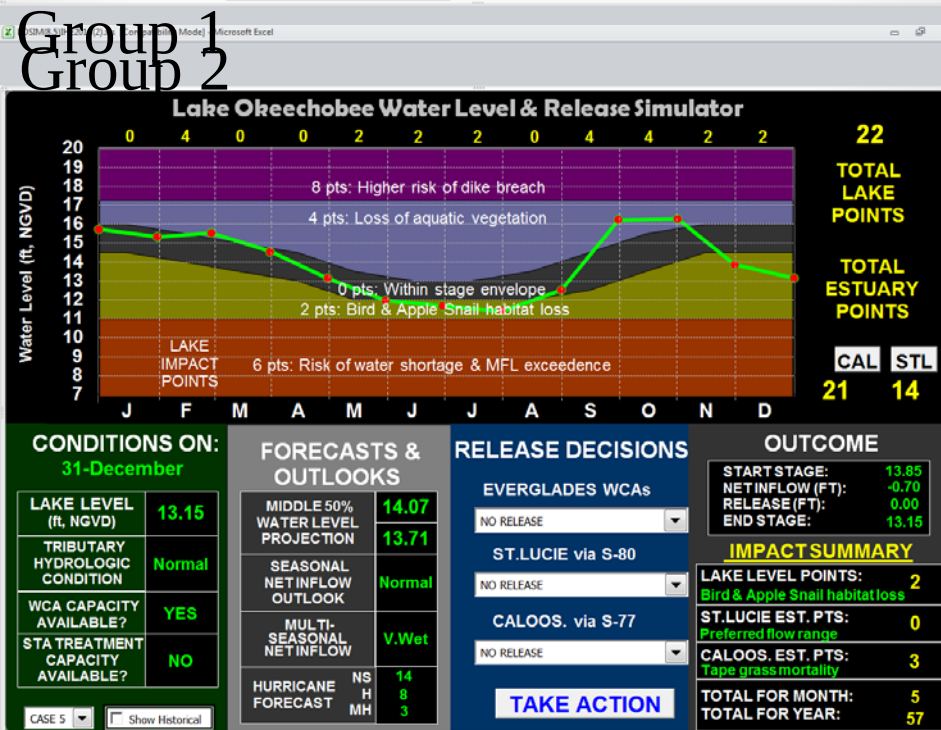
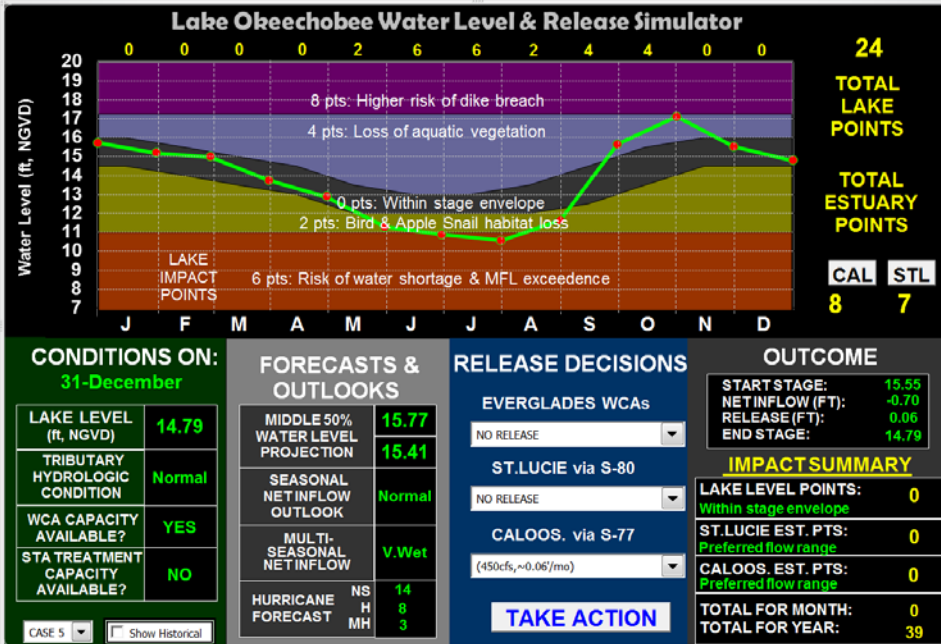
	2008 Lake O Regulation Schedule	WRAC New Member Briefing Oct-2013	UNESCO IHE Student Group #2 May-2012	UNESCO IHE Student Group #1 May-2013	UNESCO IHE Student Group #1 May-2014	UNESCO IHE Student Group #2 May-2014
Caloosahatchee	15	7	11	9	8	21
St. Lucie	10	8	10	8	7	14
Lake Okeechobee	16	20	20	24	24	22
Total	41	35	41	41	39	57

**Best Possible Score (known inflows) (10+9+6=25)*

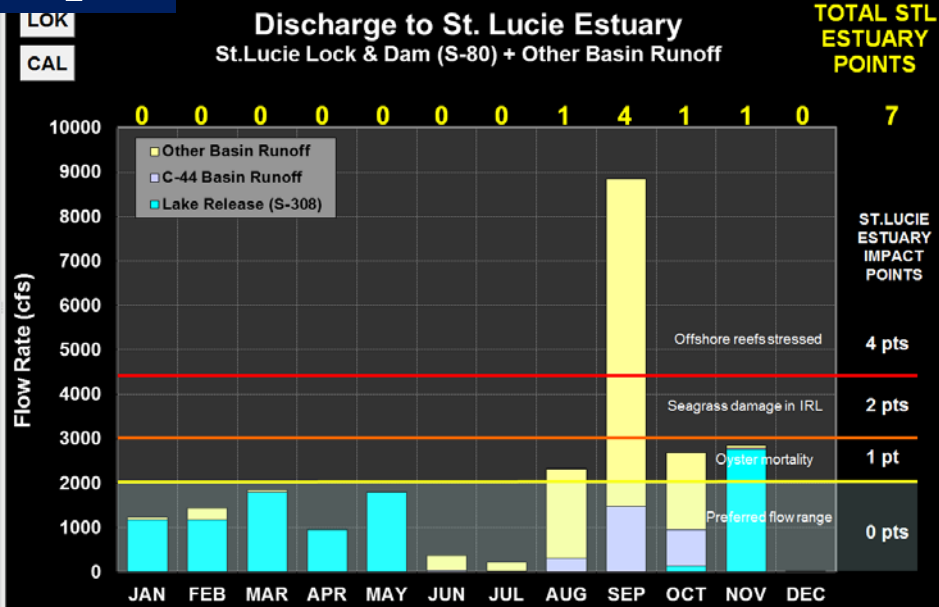
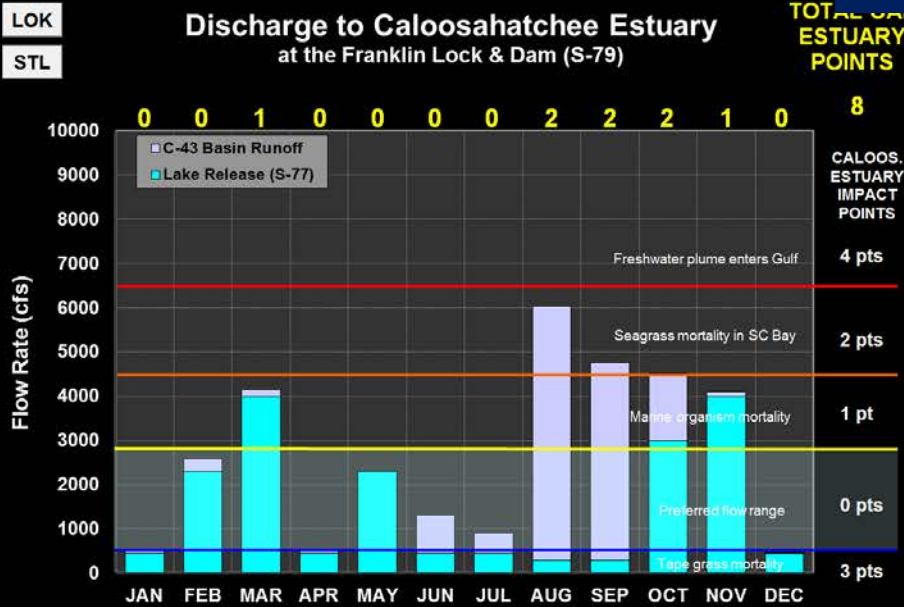


Comparison IHE 2014 Group 1 vs Group 2

- Group 1 was a little more aggressive with releases early & judicial in Sep-Nov
- Group 2 over-reacted to September inflow and made max releases in Oct and Nov, costing 7 addl points for CRE and 6 addl points for SLE
- Group 2 did not provide 450 cfs low-level releases in July and Dec, costing 6 addl penalty points
- Total Score
 - GRP1 = 39
 - GRP2 = 57



Group 1



Group 2

